

Localisation précise par moyens spatiaux

Bernese GNSS Software

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The Bernese GNSS Software

The *Bernese GNSS Software* is

- a **scientific** software package
- for **multi-GNSS** data analysis
- with **highest accuracy** requirements
- in regional to **global** scale networks.



It is developed, maintained and **used** at the
Astronomical Institute of the University of Bern
since many years.

AIUB

The *Bernese GNSS Software* is online at

<http://www.bernese.unibe.ch>.



Milestones in the development

Summer 1983 to Autumn 1984: visit of Gerhard Beutler in Canada
start of the first routines for the Bernese GPS Software

21. June 1992: the AIUB/CODE starts the activities as an analysis center of the IGS

1988 to 1995: release of version 3.0 to 3.5 in short intervals

September 1996: version 4.0 with ADDNEQ and BPE is published

November 1999: version 4.2 contains capabilities for GLONASS processing and comparison of SLR measurements with GNSS orbits

May 2003: start of GPS/GLONASS combined solutions for the IGS

April 2004: version 5.0 with new BPE and GUI based on QT is released

Summer 2012: version 5.2 is prepared for the release

Users of the Bernese GNSS Software



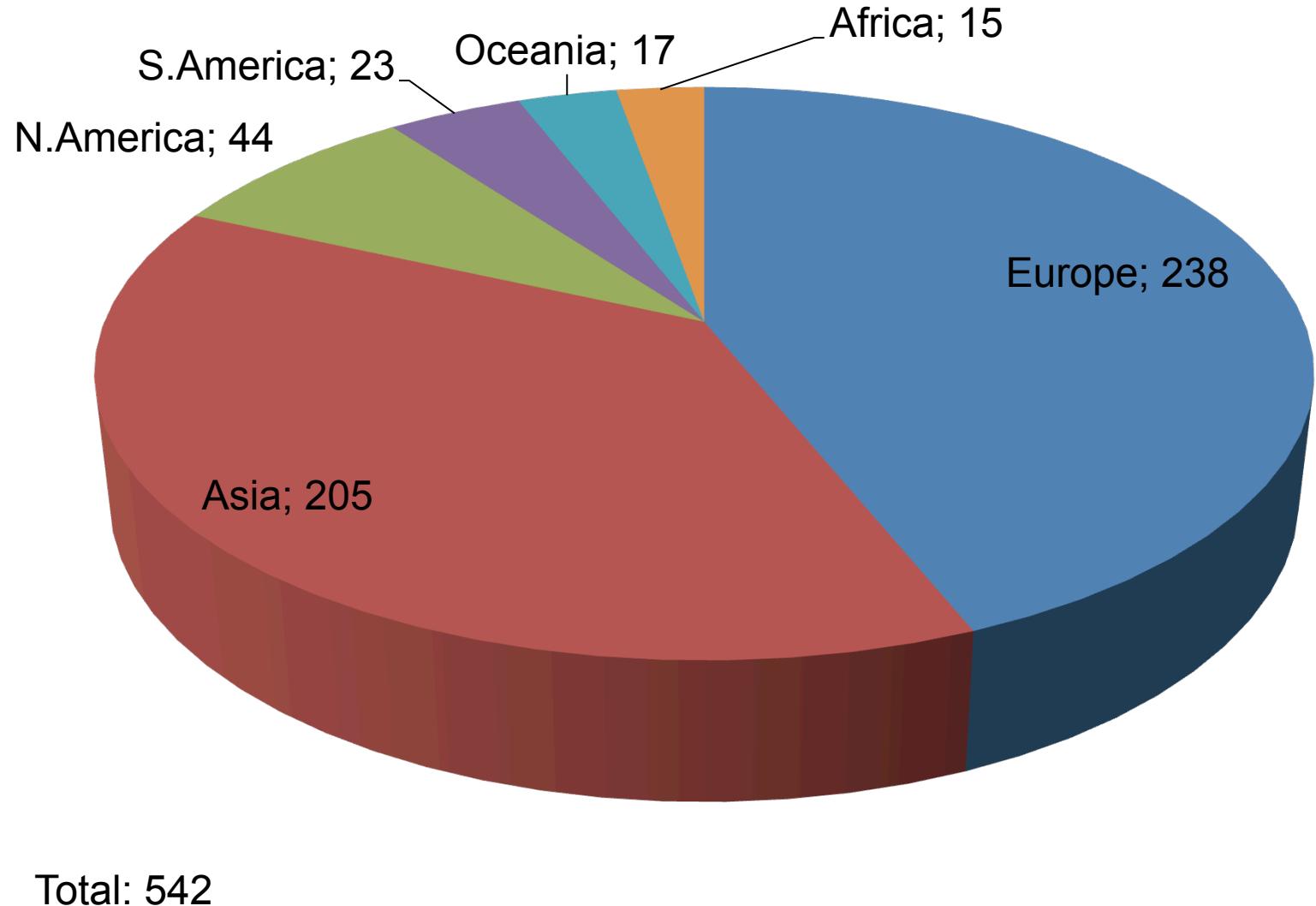
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Geographical Distribution of Institutions using the Bernese GPS Software



Ecole d'Eté 2012

Users of the Bernese GNSS Software



Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

The Bernese GNSS Software is particularly well suited for:

- rapid processing of small-size single and dual frequency surveys (static as well as kinematic stations — even LEOs),
- automatic processing of permanent networks (BPE),
- processing of data from a large number of receivers,
- combination of different receiver types, taking receiver and satellite antenna phase center variations into account,
- combined processing of GPS and GLONASS observations,
- ambiguity resolution on long baselines (2000 km and longer),
- generation of minimum constraint network solutions,
- ionosphere and troposphere monitoring,
- precise point positioning,
- clock offset estimation and time transfer,
- orbit determination and estimation of Earth orientation parameters.
- . . .

Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

Highlights of the Bernese GNSS Software:

- compliant to the IERS2010 and IGS standards
- ambiguity resolution not only for GPS but also for GLONASS
- estimation of clock corrections from GLONASS data (IFB)
- extensive use of normal equation operations
(much more efficient for starting each operation on observation level)
- automated analysis of time series (FODITS)
- intensive check of meta-data when importing observation files

Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

Highlights of the Bernese GNSS Software:

- receiver/satellite antenna model estimation
- GLONASS-GPS translation bias to compensate for antenna model deficiency
- State-of-the-art modelling for
 - troposphere modeling: GMF/GPT, VMF1
 - ionosphere modeling: higher order ionosphere correction
- introducing corrections for up to three loading effects from grid files (on observation level with scaling factor)
- handling (estimation) of repositioning events of GPS satellites

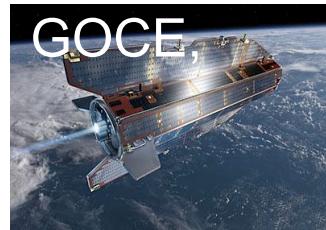
Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

**The Bernese GNSS Software supports
all important international formats:**

- **RINEX** for observations, navigation messages, meteo data (input)
- **SP3c** for precise orbits (input/output)
- **IGS/IERS** for pole information (input/output)
- **Clock RINEX** for satellite and station clocks (input/output)
- **IONEX** for regional and global ionosphere models (output)
- **SINEX** for solutions and meta-information (input/output)
- **Troposphere SINEX** for troposphere parameter estimates (output)
- **ANTEX** for antenna phase center offsets and variations (input)
- **Vienna Grid Files** coefficients for VMF1 corrections (input)

Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

The Bernese GNSS Software is not only designed for “classical”, geodetic, ground-based applications.

- GPS-data from Low Earth Orbiters (LEOs) may be processed.
- Orbits can be computed on a few cm level.
- kinematic as well as a reduced–dynamic orbit determination
- CHAMP,  GRACE,  GOCE,  but also MetOp, JASON, SAC-C, . . .
- For the GOCE mission the AIUB is responsible for the Precise Science Orbit.
- Full consistency of the models for the IGS-product generation and their use for LEO orbit determination.

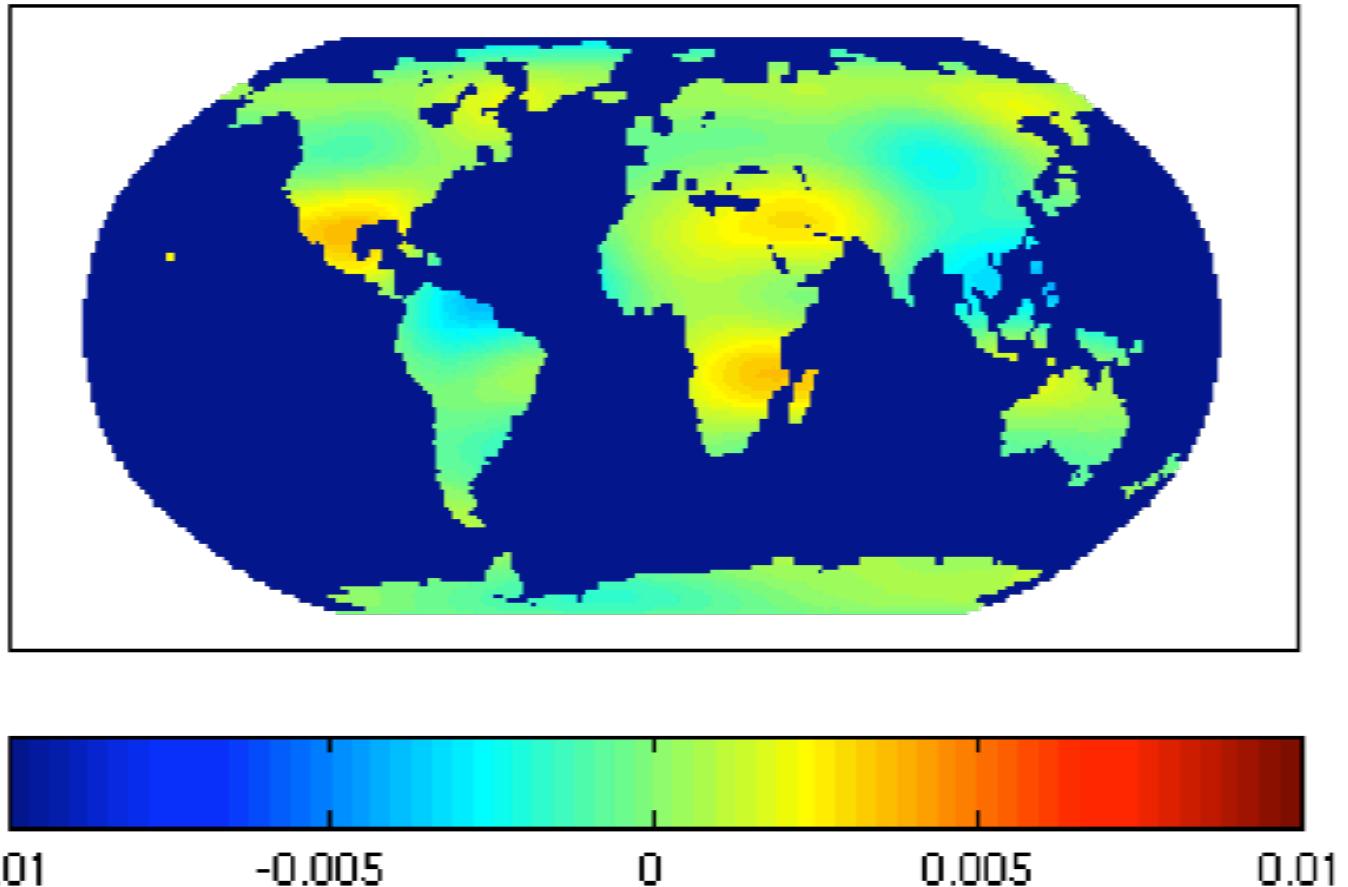
Bernese GNSS Software, developments

Based on the Bernese GNSS Software a special environment for gravity field determination has been developed.

- full consistency with IGS- and LEO-orbits
- gravity field determination based on kinematic LEO trajectories, K-band (GRACE), and gradiometer (GOCE) measurements.

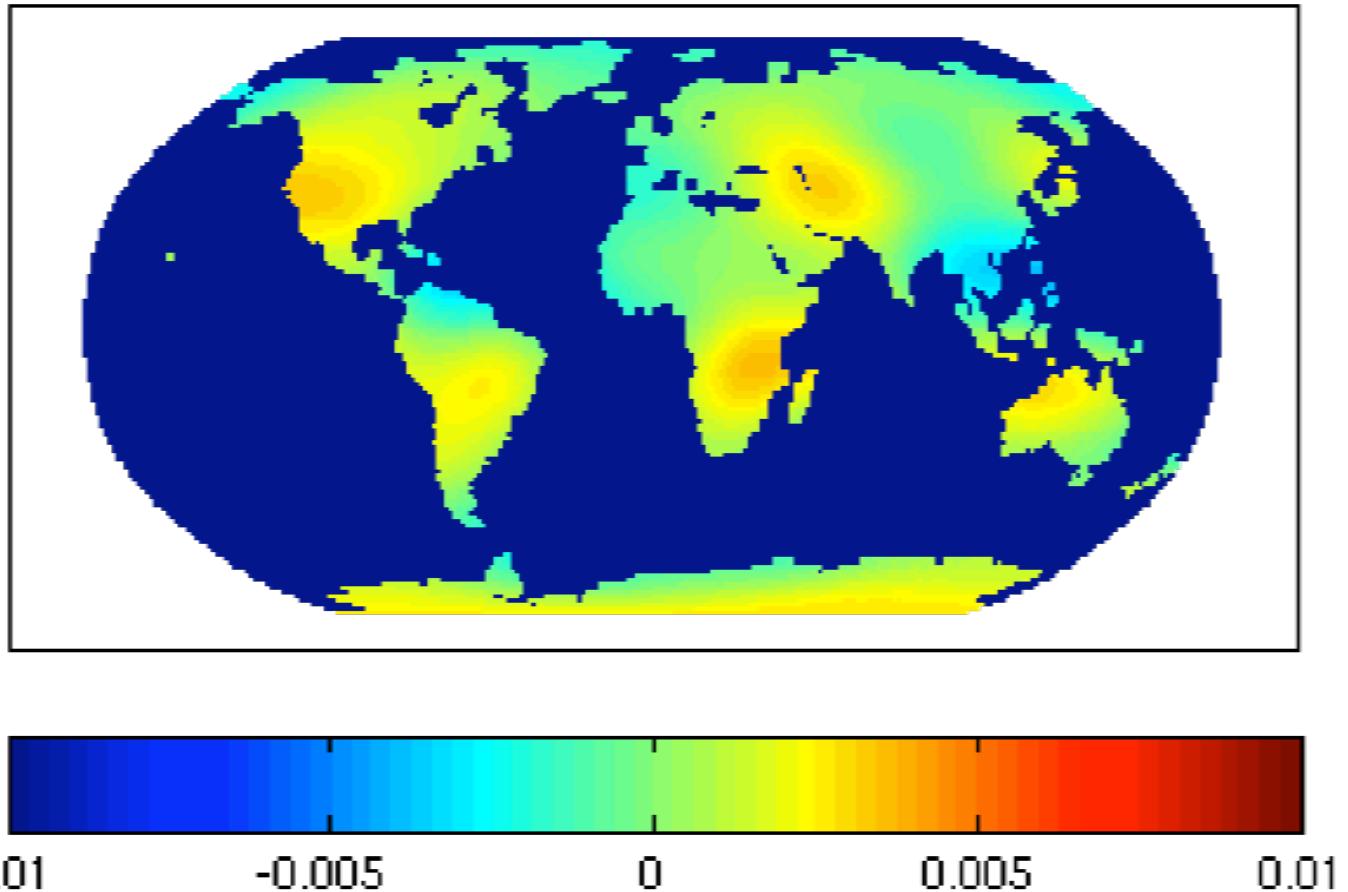


Bernese GNSS Software, developments



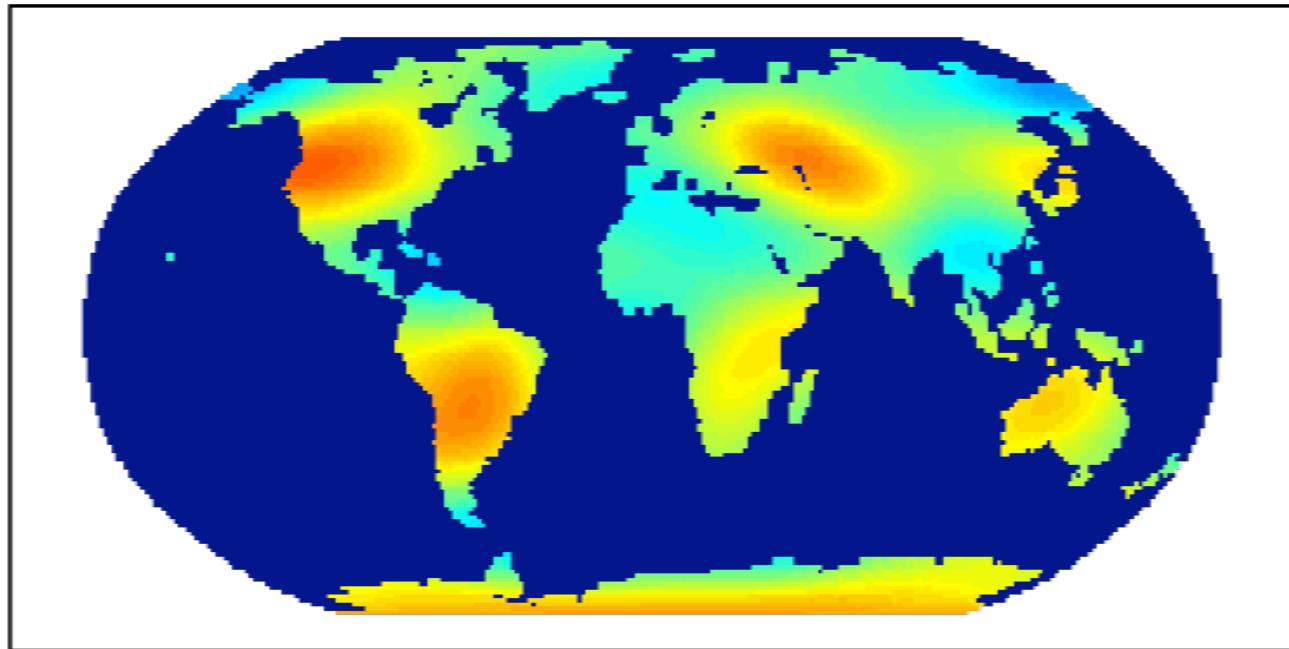
Monthly mean geoid heights from CHAMP from years 2002-2009,
Prange : Geodätisch-geophysikalische Arbeiten in der Schweiz, vol. 81

Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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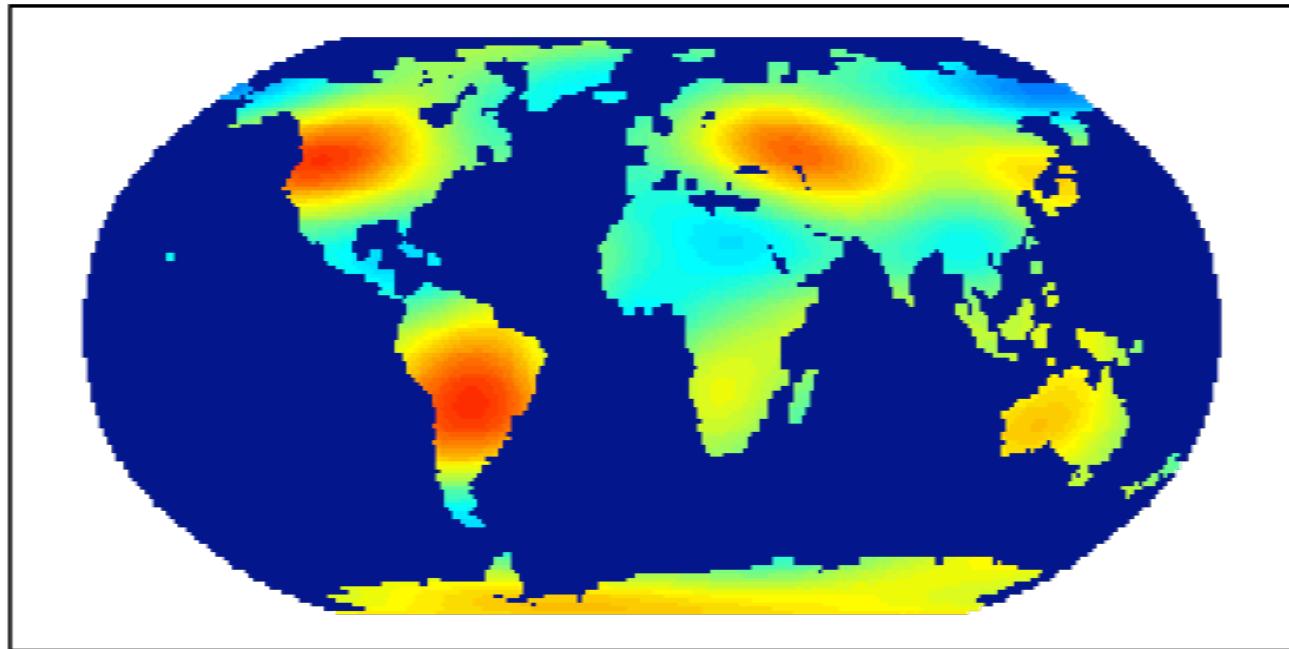
Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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Monthly mean geoid heights from CHAMP from years 2002-2009,
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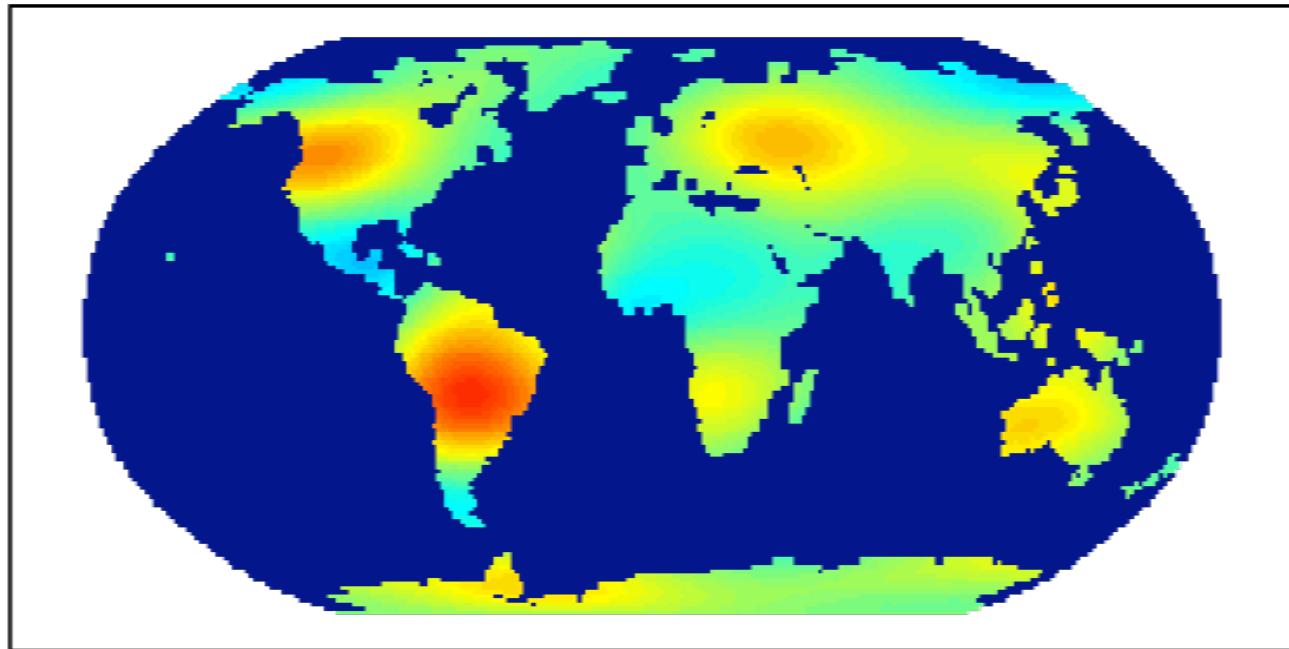
Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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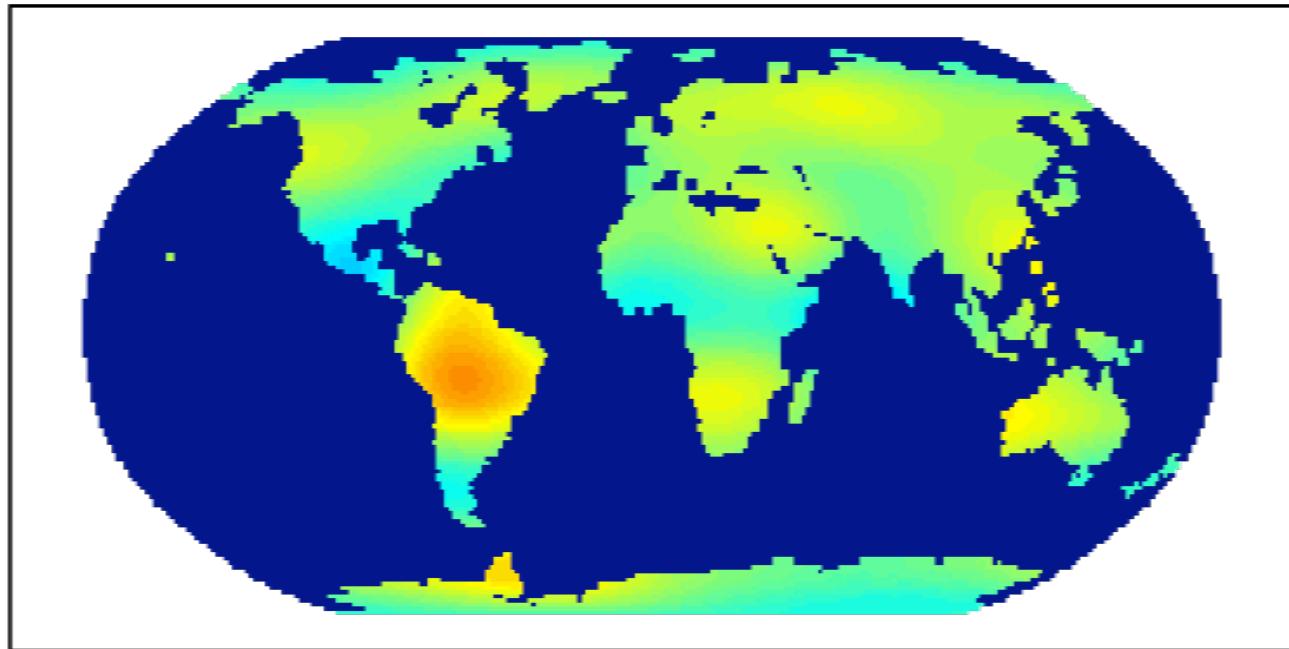
Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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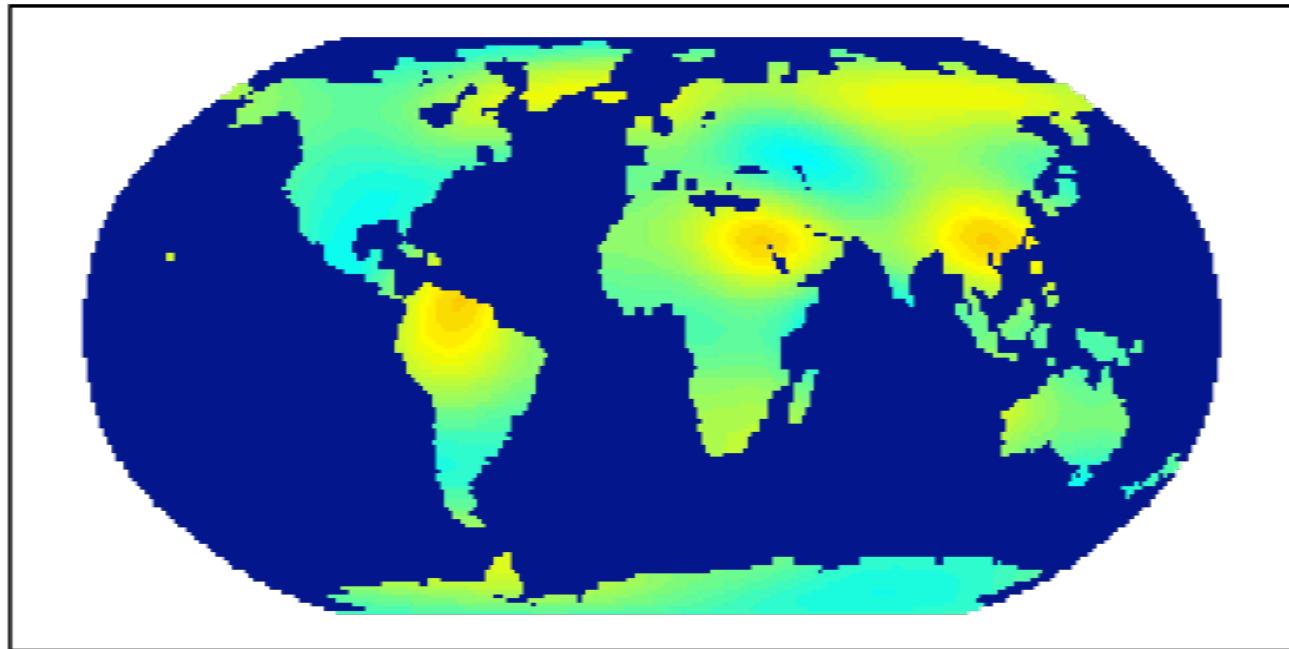
Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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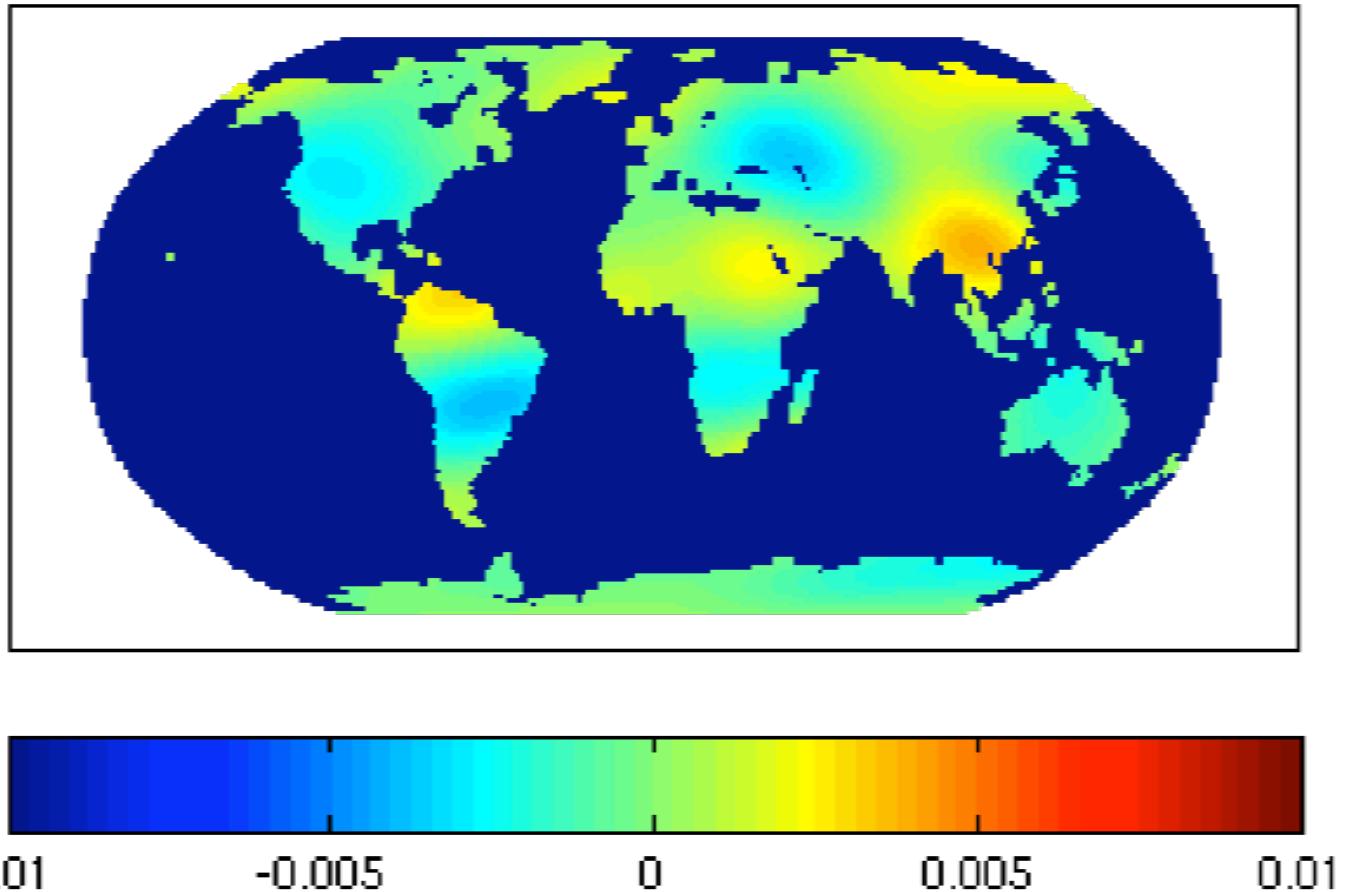
Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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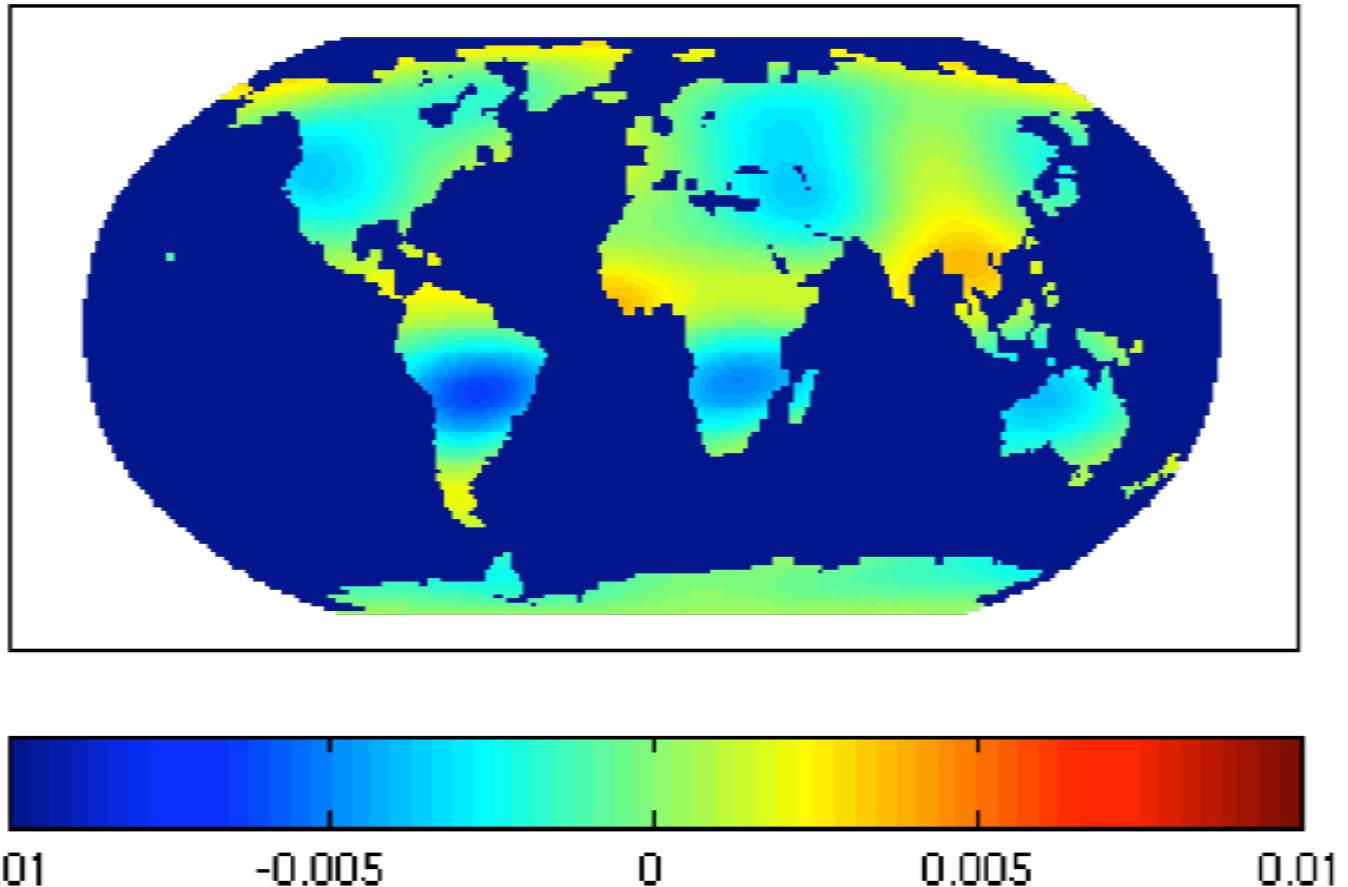
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Bernese GNSS Software, developments



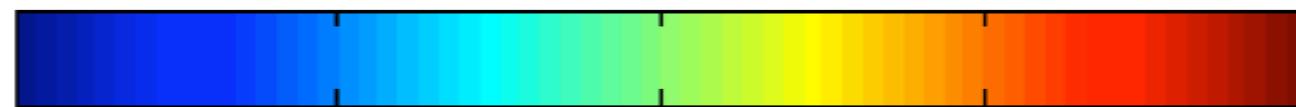
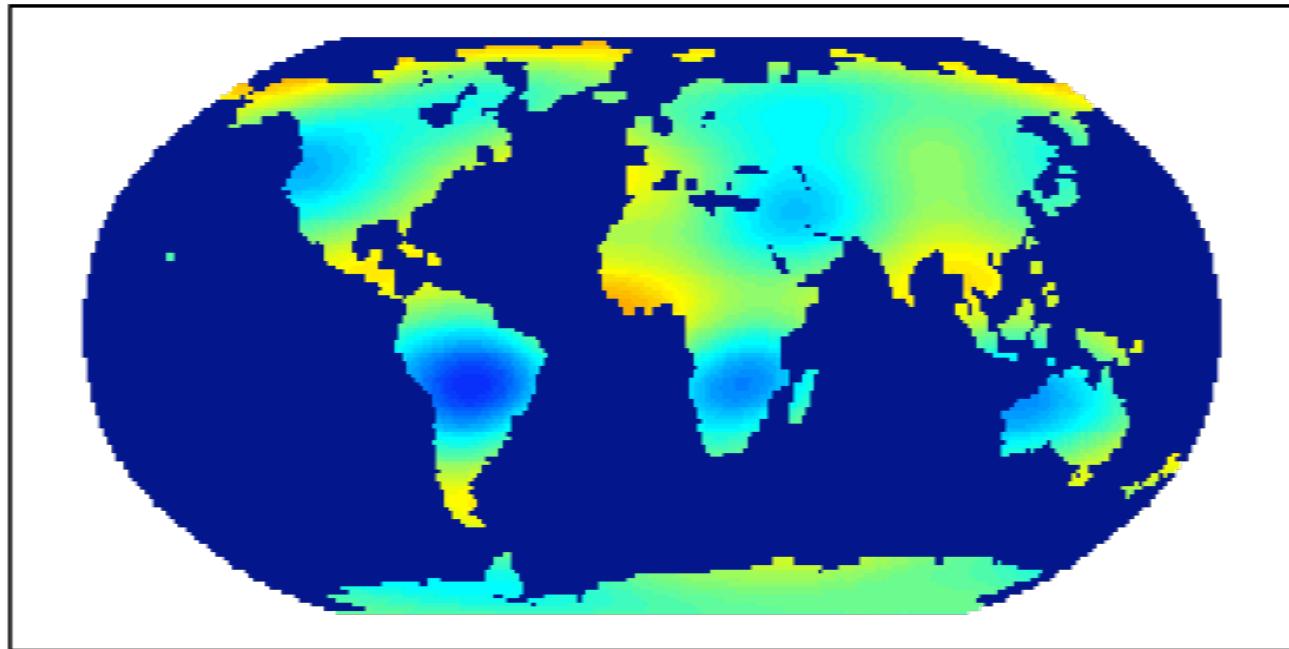
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Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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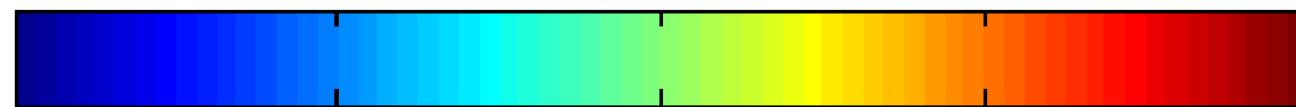
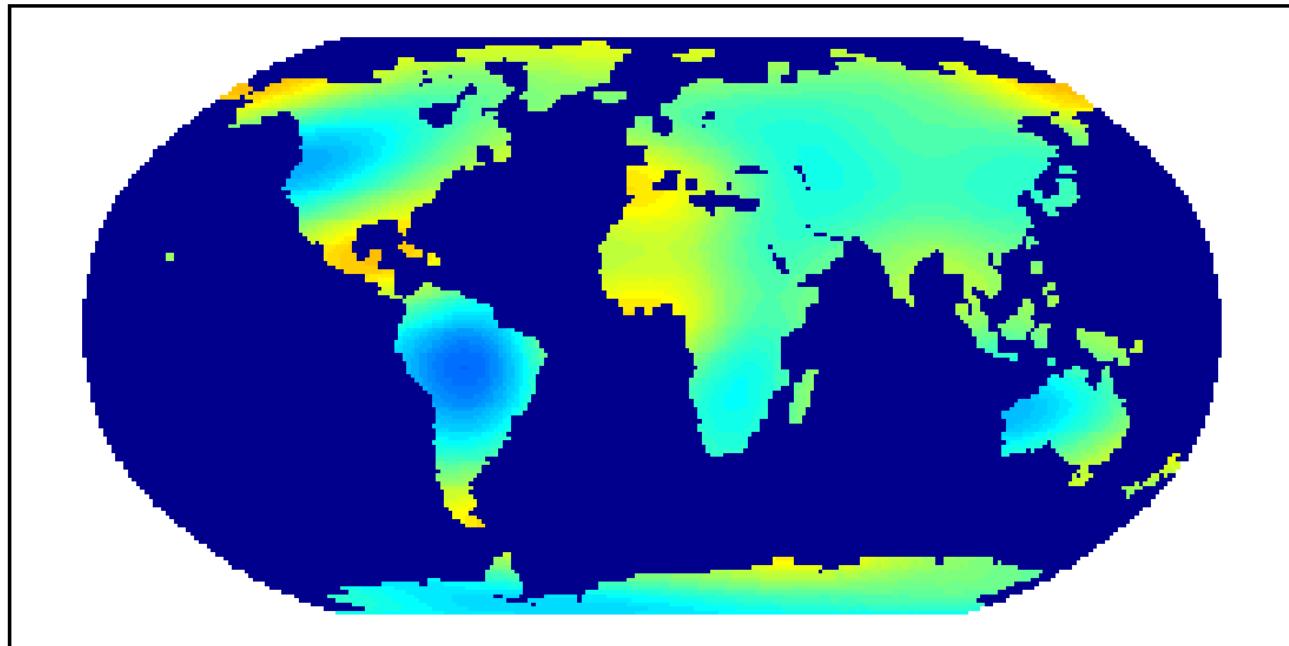
Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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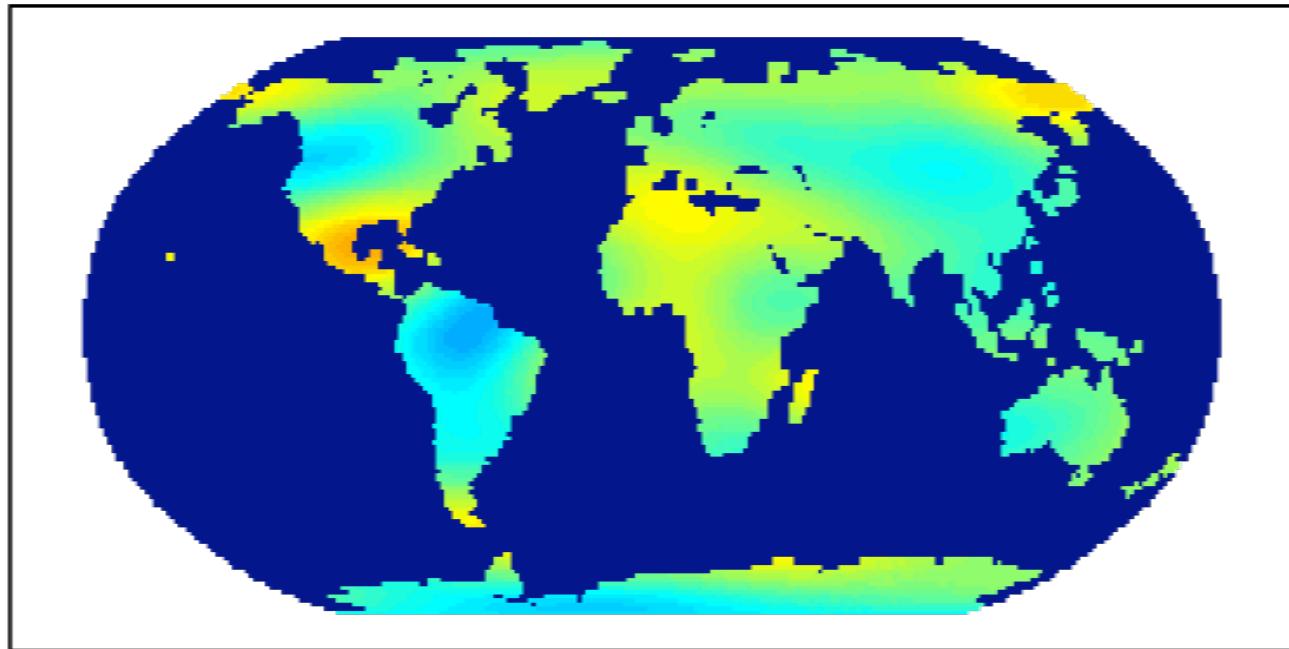
Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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Bernese GNSS Software, developments



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The Bernese GNSS Software can also process SLR measurements.

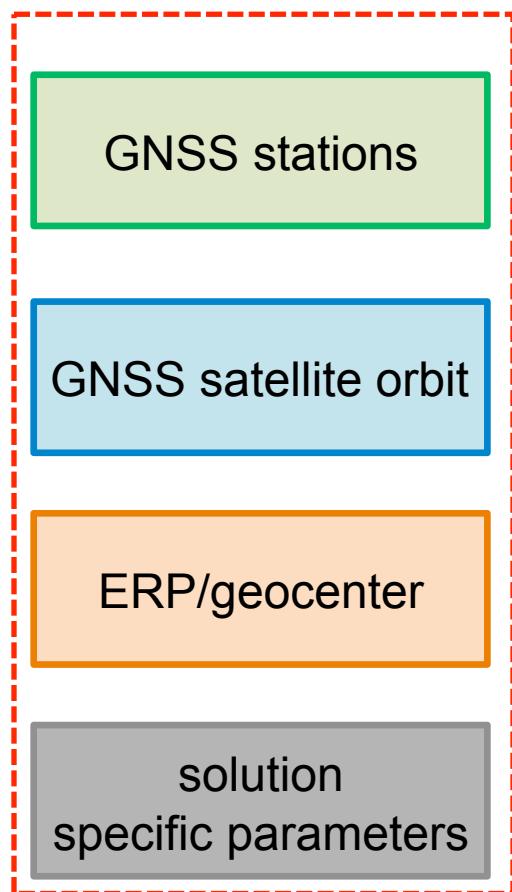
- independent validation of estimated orbits for GNSS and LEO satellites

Project with BKG, Frankfurt a. M.:

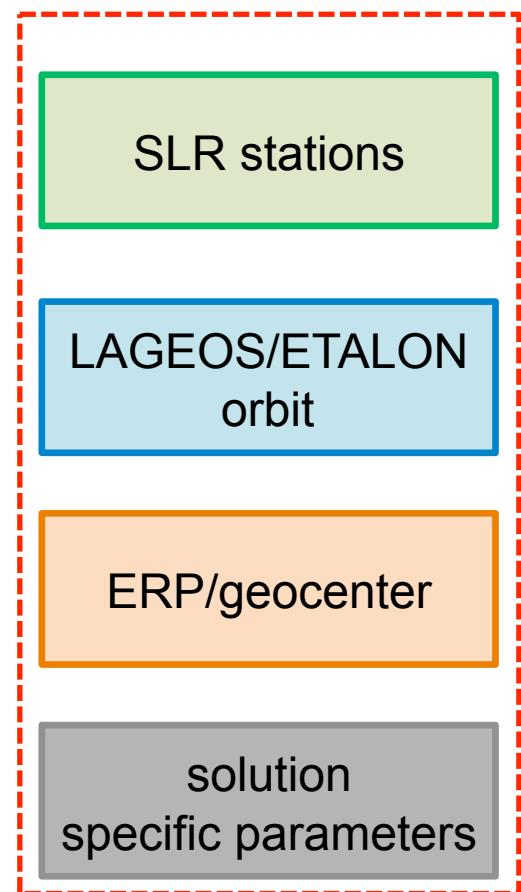
- extended to process LAGEOS/ETALON satellites
- ILRS analysis center at BKG is using the software for their activities (ILRS-Benchmark test passed in 2010)
- meanwhile further extended to other (lower) geodetic laser satellites

Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

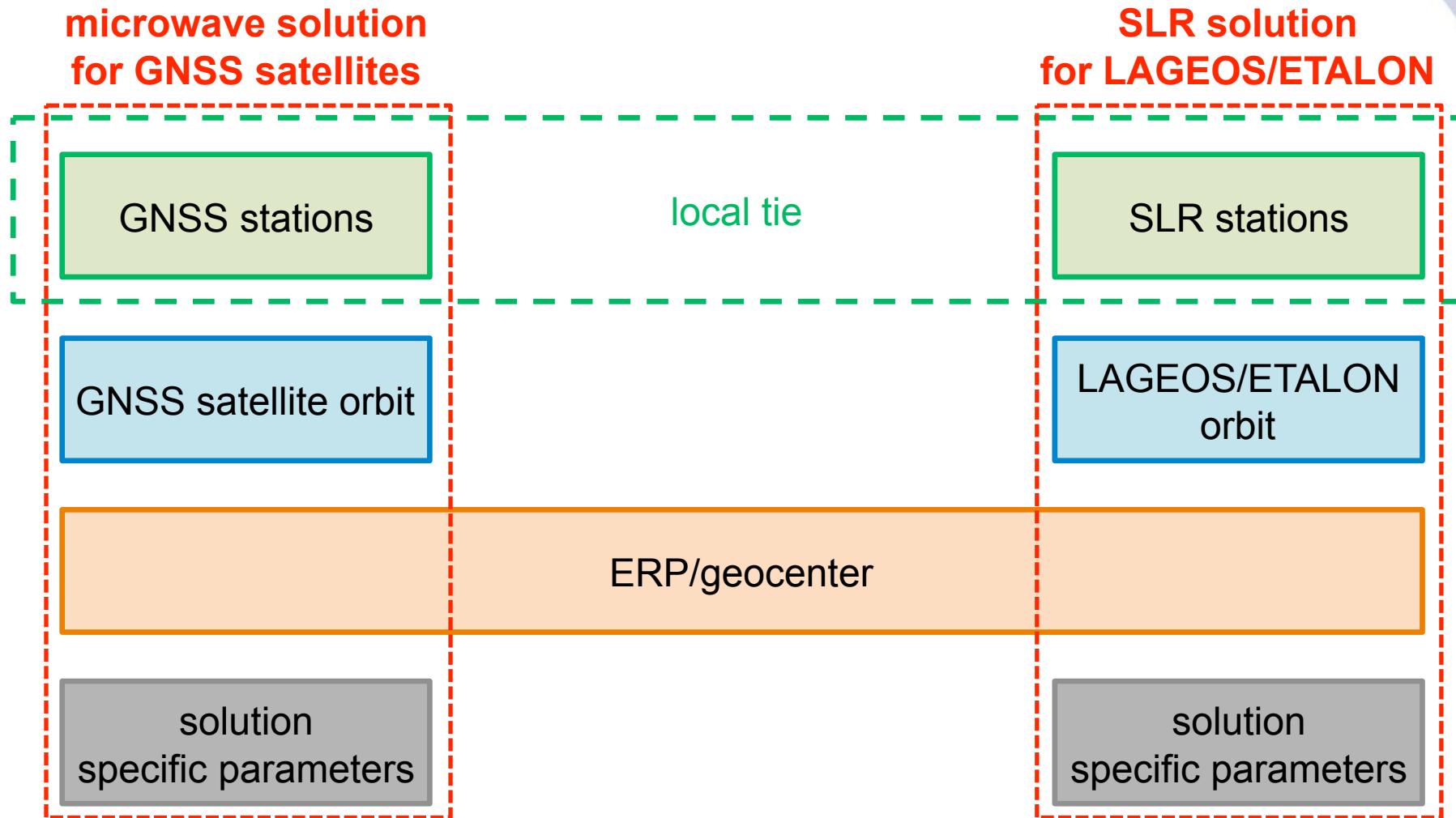
**microwave solution
for GNSS satellites**



**SLR solution
for LAGEOS/ETALON**



Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2



Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

**microwave solution
for GNSS satellites**

GNSS stations

GNSS satellite orbit

ERP/geocenter

solution
specific parameters

**SLR solution
for GNSS satellites**

SLR stations

GNSS satellite orbit

ERP/geocenter

solution
specific parameters

**SLR solution
for LAGEOS/ETALON**

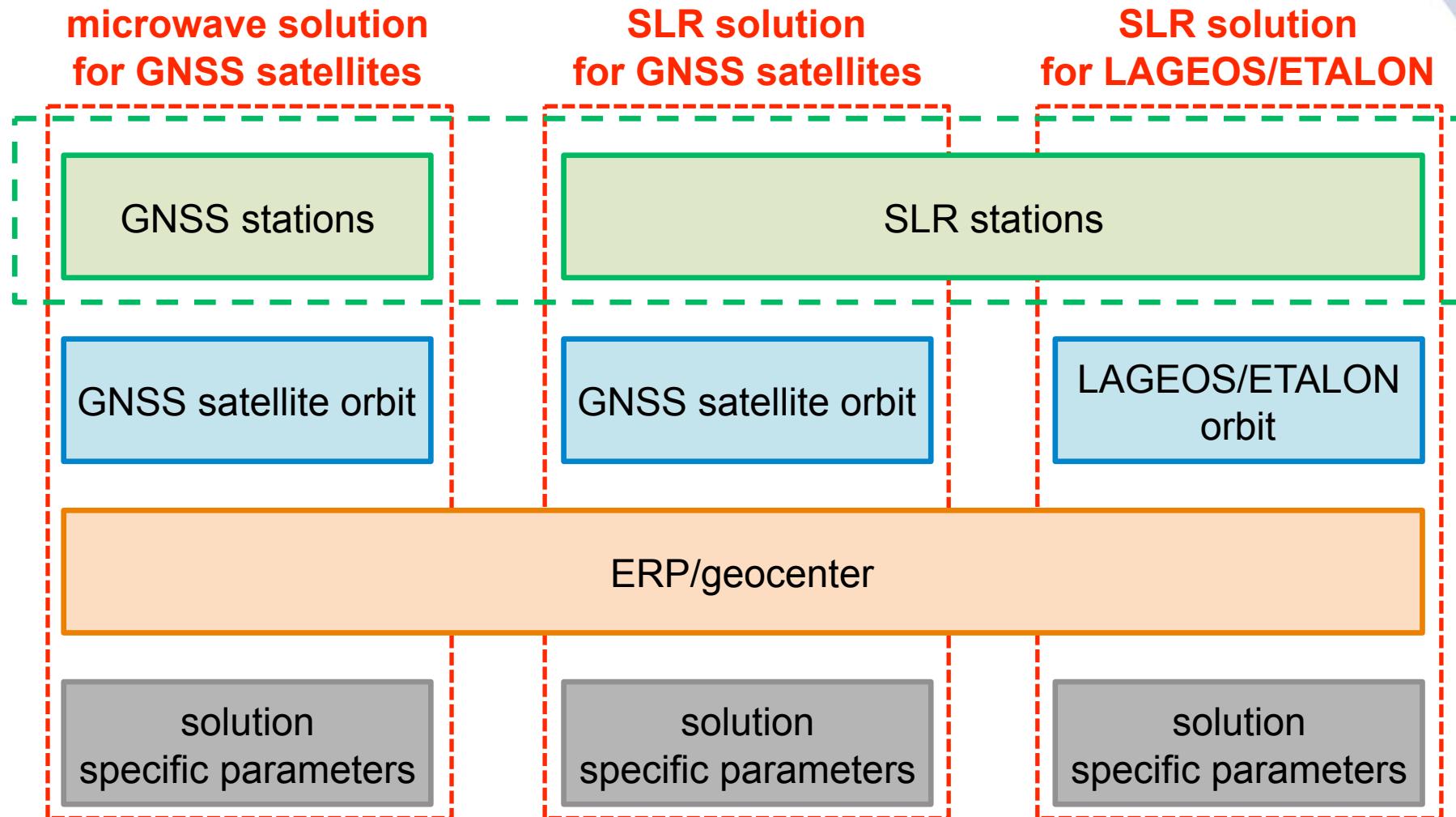
SLR stations

LAGEOS/ETALON
orbit

ERP/geocenter

solution
specific parameters

Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2



Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

**microwave solution
for GNSS satellites**

**SLR solution
for GNSS satellites**

**SLR solution
for LAGEOS/ETALON**

GNSS stations

SLR stations

GNSS satellite orbit

LAGEOS/ETALON
orbit

ERP/geocenter

solution
specific parameters

solution
specific parameters

solution
specific parameters

Bernese GNSS Software, Version 5.2

With the **Bernese GNSS software** we can provide the following three **fully consistent** solutions:

- microwave GNSS solution
- SLR solution for geodetic SLR satellites
- SLR solution for GNSS satellites

Alternative to local ties are space ties:

- *uncertainty of the knowledge of the local tie is replaced by the problem of the location of the sensors at the satellite.*

Bernese GNSS Software some facts

The software package consists of:

- a QT-based graphical user interface
- a set of fortran (F90) processing programs
- the Bernese Processing Engine (BPE) for automated processing

The software package counts today:

- 108 processing programs and
1329 subroutines, functions, and modules
- nearly 15,000 lines of source code (including comment lines),
- the GUI/BPE-program with 17500 lines of source code
- 5875 input/output filenames and processing options
supported by an **online-help system**, a **600 pages user manual**, and
a **one week introductory course** in Bern.

Processing examples

The distribution of the software package contains ready-to-use examples:

PPP_BAS.PCF

Standard PPP for coordinate, troposphere, and receiver clock determination based only on GPS data or a combined GPS/GLOASS solution

PPP_DEMO.PCF

PPP containing several extended processing examples, like pseudo-kinematic, high-rate troposphere, or ionosphere solutions

Processing examples

The distribution of the software package contains ready-to-use examples:

RNX2SNX.PCF

Standard double-difference network solution based only on GPS data or a combined GPS/GLONASS solution with an extended ambiguity resolution scheme

CLKDET.PCF

Zero-difference network solution based only on GPS data or a combined GPS/GLONASS solution providing clock corrections (e.g., w.r.t. an existing coordinate and troposphere solution)

Processing examples

The distribution of the software package contains ready-to-use examples:

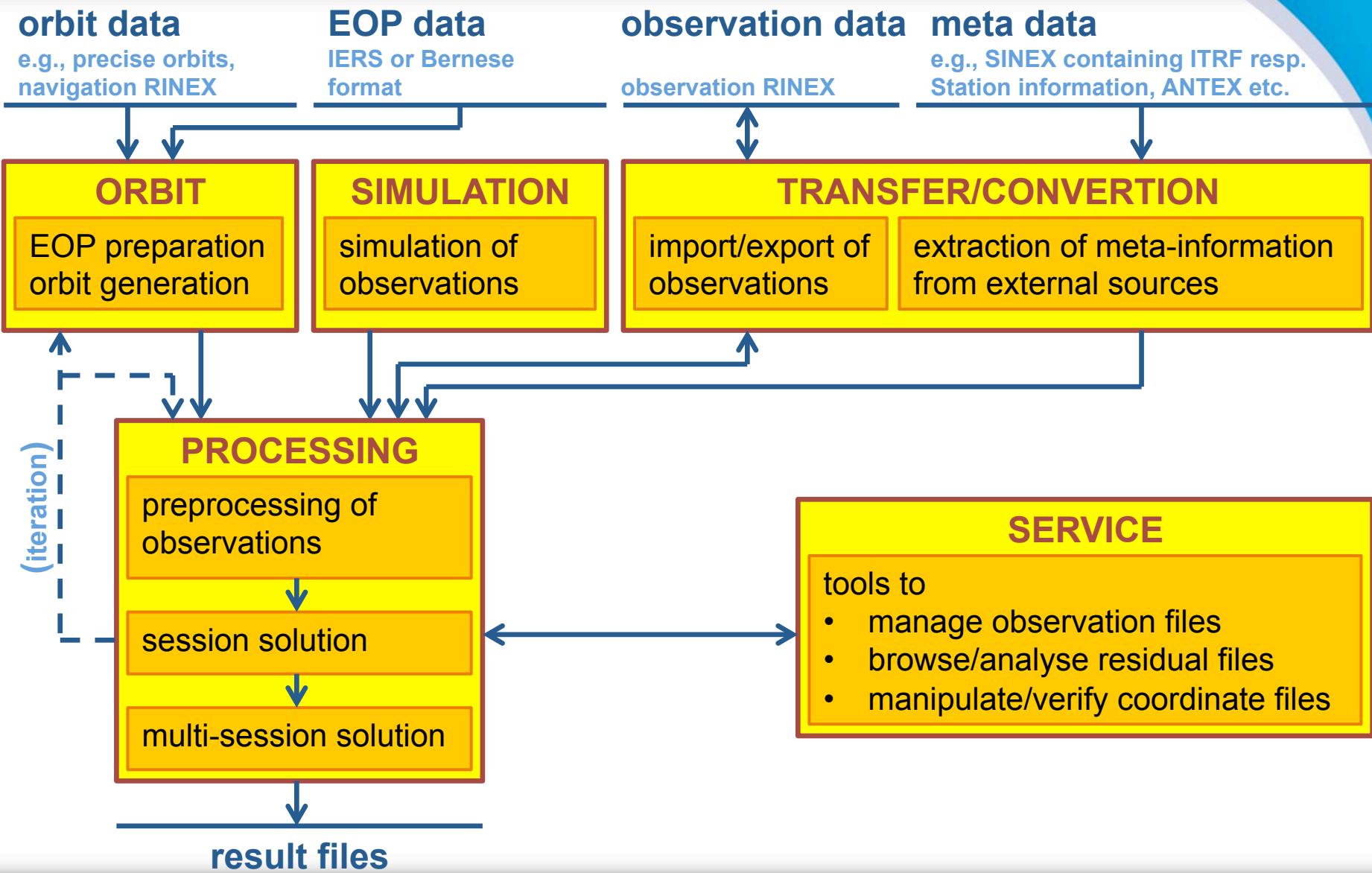
LEOPOD.PCF

Precise Orbit Determination for a Low Earth Orbiting Satellites based on on-board GPS-measurements (e.g., for GRACE)

SLRVAL.PCF

Validation of an existing GNSS or LEO orbit using SLR measurements

Program flow chart



Program structure

- **Transfer Part:**

Programs for generating files in the Bernese format from RINEX and vice versa. Furthermore, this part also contains a set of tools to cut(concatenate and to manipulate RINEX files.

- **Conversion Part:**

Programs to extract external information necessary for the processing (e.g., coordinates and velocities from ITRF in SINEX format, ANTEX).

- **Orbit Part:**

Programs for generation of a source-independent orbit representation (standard orbits), to update orbits, generate orbits in precise orbit format, compare orbits, etc. The Earth orientation related tools are included in this part too.

Program structure

- **Processing Part:**

Programs for code processing (single station), single/dual frequency code and phase pre-processing, parameter estimation based on GPS and/or GLONASS observations (pgm. GPSEST) and on the superposition of normal equations (pgm. ADDNEQ2).

- **Simulation Part:**

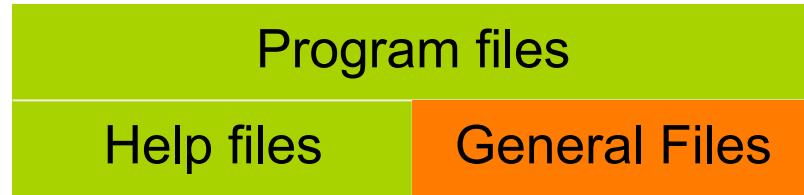
Program to generate simulated GPS and GLONASS observations (code and/or phase, L1 or L1/L2) based on statistical information (RMS for observations, biases, cycle slips).

- **Service Part:**

A collection of useful tools to edit/browse/manipulate binary data files, compare coordinate sets, display residuals, etc. A set of programs to convert binary files to ASCII and vice versa belong to the service part, too.

Directory structure

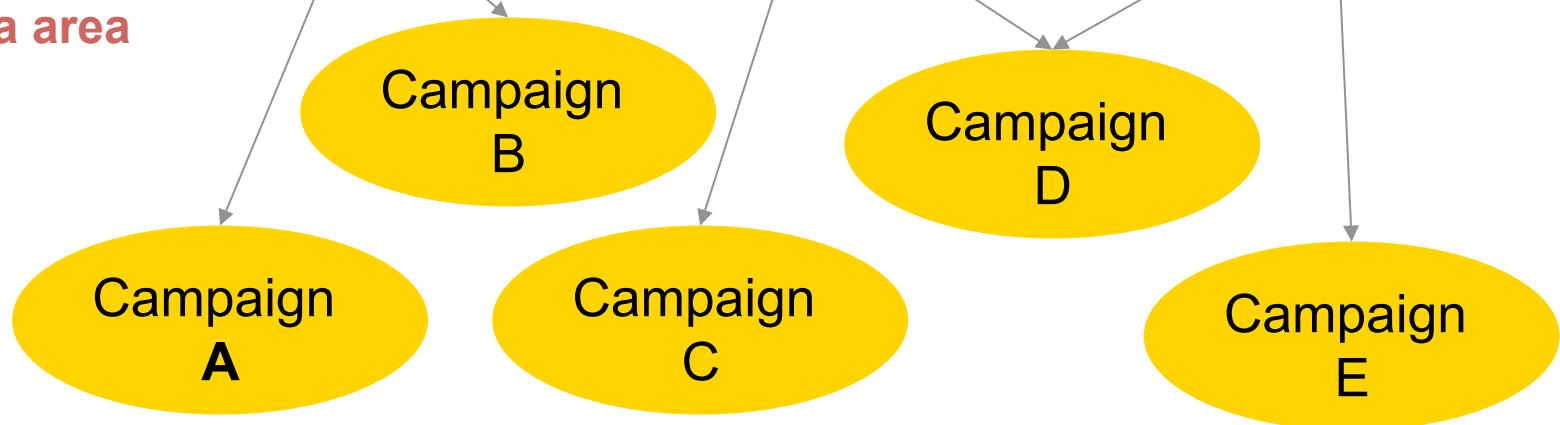
Program area



User area



Data area



Directory structure

Program area

- contains the program source code, the executable and
- general files used by all programs independent from the processed data

User area

- contains user-specific program configuration files and
- the files needed to run a BPE

Data area

- contains relevant data and related files for processing in project- (campaign)-specific directory structures

Processing steps

	Processing step	Involved programs
1	Data transfer copy data into the campaign area	ftp, cp, perl
2	PPP procedure to complete the list of a priori coordinates/velocities (if necessary)	BPE example PPP_BAS
3	Import observation data into Bernese format	RXOBV3
4	Prepare EOP and orbit information	POLUPD, PRETAB, ORBGEN
5	Data preprocessing: cycle slip detection and correction; outlier rejection	CODSPP, SNGDIF, MAUPRP, GPSEST, RESRMS, SATMRK
6	Make a first network solution (real-valued ambiguities)	GPSEST
7	Resolve ambiguities	GPSEST
8	Create normal equations containing all relevant parameters	GPSEST
9	NEQ-based single- or multi-session solution	ADDNEQ2

Realization of the processing scheme

- This processing scheme is realized in the ready-to-use example:
RNX2SNX.PCF (full description in **RNX2SNX README**)
- *PCF stands for Process Control File*
to be used by a BPE for automated processing.

The BPE needs to know:

- what is to do: user scripts
- there are any dependencies in the order of running the scripts
- where a script can be started (CPU)
- At the end of the BPE a protocol file summarizes the main results from the run (e.g., **R2S102070.PRC**)

RNX2SNX.PCF

```
# =====
# RNX2SNX.PCF
# =====
#
# Purpose:      RINEX-TO-SINEX (RNX2SNX): standard double difference
#               processing for regional networks for static, dual-frequency
#               stations.
#
# -----
#
# PID SCRIPT    OPT_DIR   CAMPAIGN CPU      F WAIT FOR...
3** 8***** 8***** 8***** 8***** 1 3** 3** 3** 3** 3** 3** 3** 3** 3** 3** 3**
#
# Copy required files
# -----
001 R2S_COP    R2S_GEN        ANY      1
002 ATX2PCV   R2S_GEN        ANY      1 001
003 COOVEL    R2S_GEN        ANY      1 001
004 COOVEL    R2S_GE2       ANY      1 001
005 CRDMERGE  R2S_GEN        ANY      1 003 004
011 RNX_COP    R2S_GEN        ANY      1 001
021 OBSMRGAP  R2S_GEN        ANY      1 011
022 OBSMRG_P   R2S_GEN        ANY      1 021
031 ION_MRG   R2S_GEN        ANY      1 011
099 DUMMY     R2S_GEN        ANY      1 002 005 022 031
#
# Prepare the orbits
# -----
101 POLUPDH   R2S_GEN        ANY      1 001
```



R2S102070.PRC

```
=====
RNX2SNX BPE PROCESSING SUMMARY FOR YEAR-SESSION 10-2070
=====
```

Summary file generated at 07-Aug-2012 13:59:51 by R2S_SUM

General files:

Antenna phase center eccentricity file: PCV.I08
Satellite information file: SATELLIT.I08
Satellite problem file: SAT_2010.CRX
Orbit, ERP and clock products used from: \${D}/COD

Observation file selection:

RINEX files copied from: \${D}/RINEX/
Station selection: all stations

Reference frame and station related files:

Station related files used from: \${D}/REF52/
External reference frame file series: IGS08_R.(CRD|VEL)
Project specific station file series: EXAMPLE
Station information file: STA/EXAMPLE.STA
RINEX inconsistency file:
Ocean tidal loading table: STA/EXAMPLE.BLQ
Atmosphere tidal loading table: STA/EXAMPLE.ATL

Other options from PCF:

Antenna phase center model was not updated.

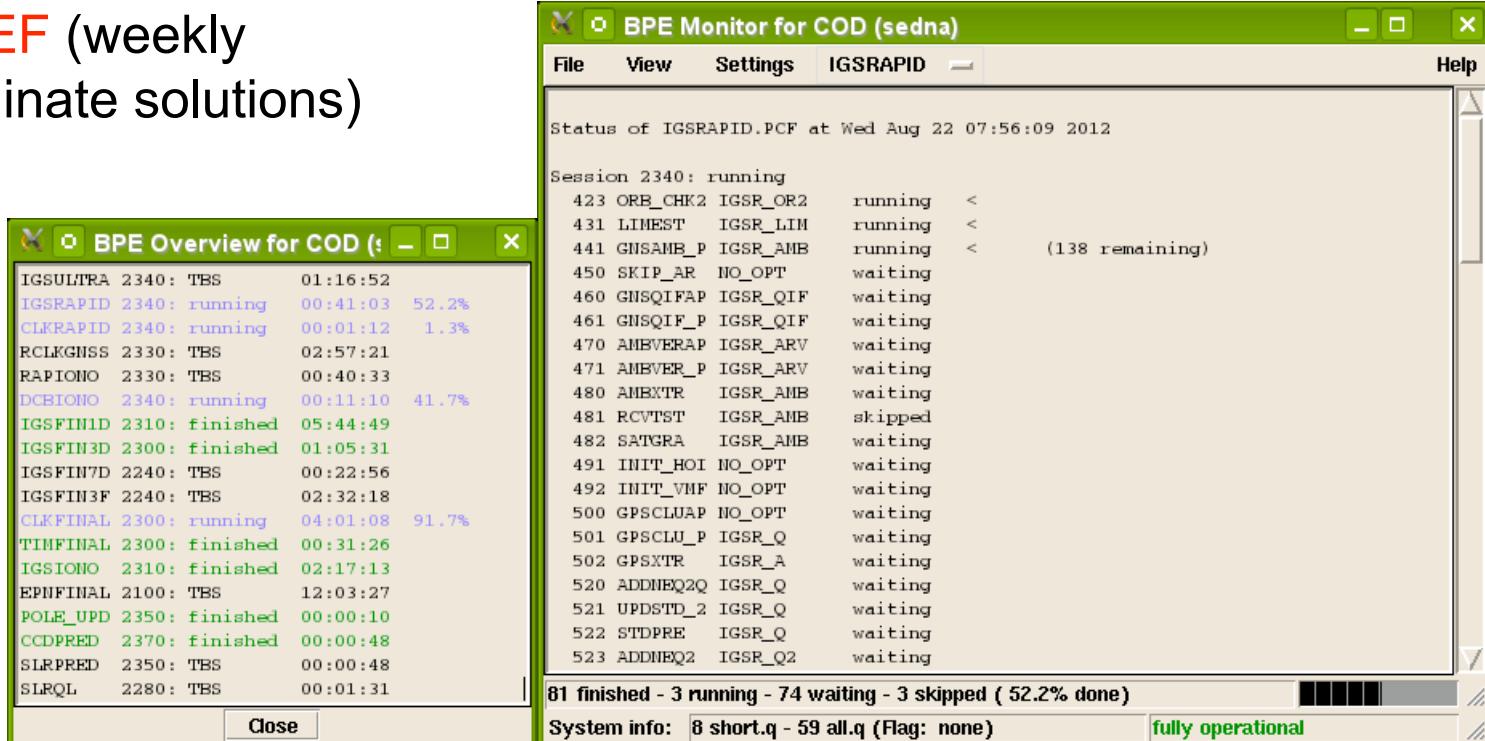
Satellite system(s) included: GPS/GLO



IGS processing

Different BPEs are running daily at AIUB for the IGS activities:

- **ultra-rapid** (several times per day for orbits/EOP)
- **rapid** (orbits/EOP, clocks, ionosphere products)
- **final** (orbits/EOP, clocks, ionosphere, weekly coordinate products)
- **EUREF** (weekly coordinate solutions)



What do we expect in the future?

Today we have 32 GPS and 24 GLONASS satellites.

Modernization programs:

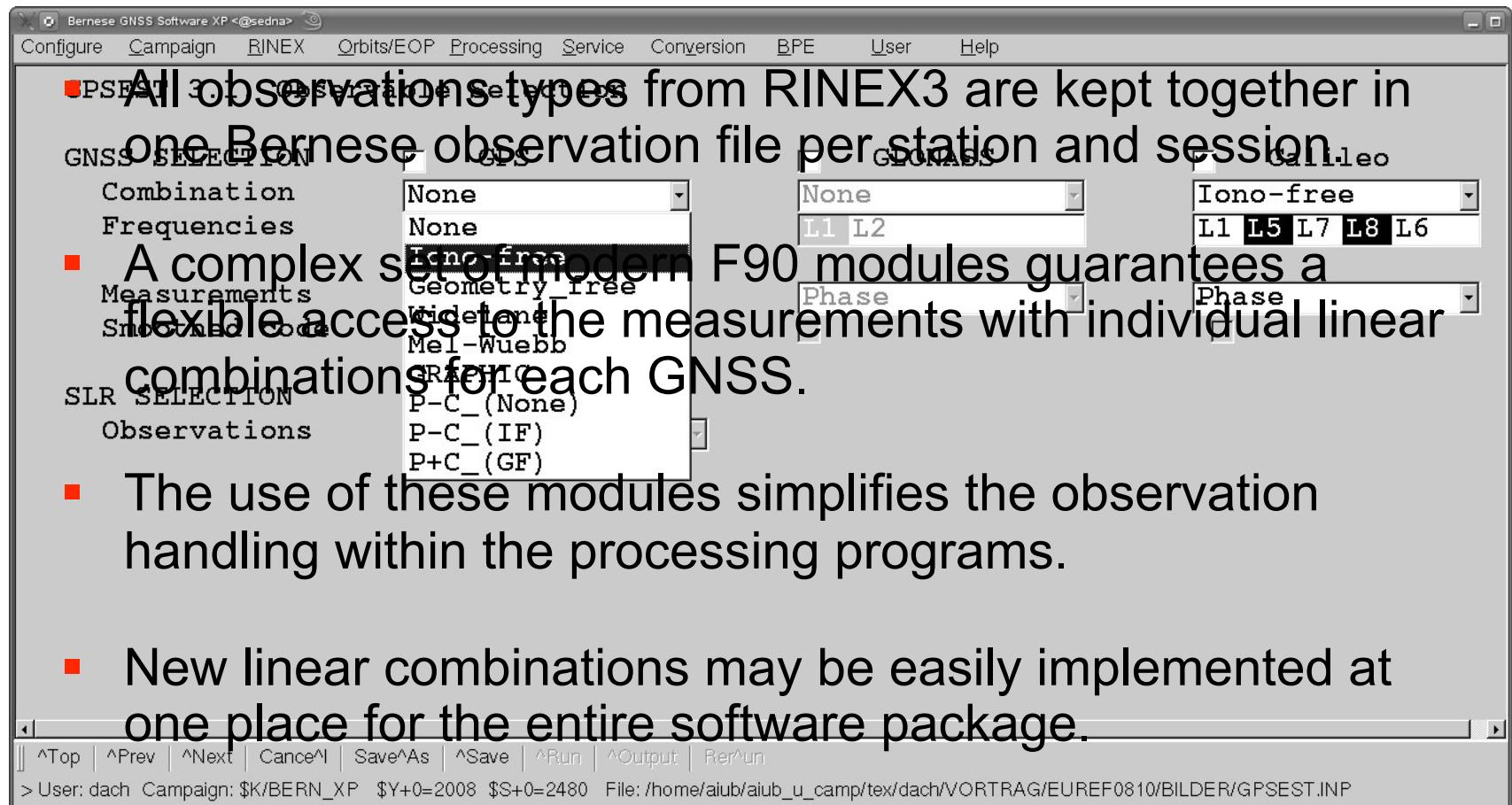
- GPS third frequency
(first Block IIF since May 2010)
- GLONASS third frequency, FDMA to CDMA
(first GLONASS-K since Feb. 2011)

New GNSS:

- Galileo a new GNSS with up to five frequencies
(2011: launch of IOV satellites, 2013: FOC)
- Compass, and other GNSS

Bernese GNSS Software in future

Flexible handling of observation types is necessary:



Bernese GNSS Software *in future*

New file formats are necessary:

- Bernese observations files
(may contain all types of observations in one (common) file)
- Bernese residual files
(considering the new linear combinations)
- Differential code biases
(many new DCBs have to be expected with the new signal types)
- Receiver information file
(receiver type: which signal and priority lists for observ. selection)
- Antenna phase center corrections
(GNSS-dependent receiver antenna PCV information)

Bernese GNSS Software in future

Further developments to get a multi—GNSS software:

- more satellites have to be processed together
(32 GPS + 30 GLONASS + 36 Galileo \approx 100 satellites)
- input/output IDs for each GNSS for all external files
(e.g., precise orbit file, clock RINEX file, ...)
- GNSS dependent parameter setup
(e.g., receiver antenna phase center offsets/variations, Earth rotation parameters, ...)
- dynamic memory allocation in the processing programs

Thank you for your attention

